

PROBLEM 1 *Set definition*

Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $B = \{2x \mid (x \in \mathbb{N}) \wedge x < 5\}$, $C = \mathcal{P}(\{2, 3\})$. Show the full set of members in each of the following sets using curly-brace notation (not set-builder or operator-defined notation):

$$B = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$$

$$C = \{\{\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{2, 3\}\}$$

$$|C| = 4$$

$$A \cup B = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8\}$$

$$A \cap B = \{2, 4\}$$

$$A \setminus B = \{1, 3\}$$

$$A \cup C = \{1, 2, 3, 4, \{\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{2, 3\}\}$$

$$A \cap C = \{\}$$

$$\{x \mid x \in A \wedge x \in B\} = \{2, 4\}$$

$$\{x \mid x \in A \vee x \in B\} = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8\}$$

$$\{x \mid x \in A \wedge 2x \in A\} = \{1, 2\}$$

$$\{x \mid (x \in B) \wedge (\forall y \in A . x > y)\} = \{6, 8\}$$

$$\{X \mid (X \in C) \wedge (\exists y \in X . y \in B)\} = \{\{2\}, \{2, 3\}\}$$