

typical buffer overflow pattern

cause program to write past the end of a buffer

that somehow causes different code to run

(usually code the attacker wrote)

why buffer overflows?

for a long time, most common vulnerability

common results in arbitrary code execution

related to other memory-management vulnerabilities
which usually also result in arbitrary code execution

network worms and overflows

worms that connect to vulnerable servers:

Morris worm included some buffer overflow exploits

Morris worm: first self-replicating malware

in mail servers, user info servers

2001: Code Red worm that spread to web servers (running Microsoft IIS)

overflows without servers

bugs dealing with corrupt files:

Adobe Flash (web browser plugin)

PDF readers

web browser JavaScript engines

image viewers

movie viewers

decompression programs

...

simpler overflow

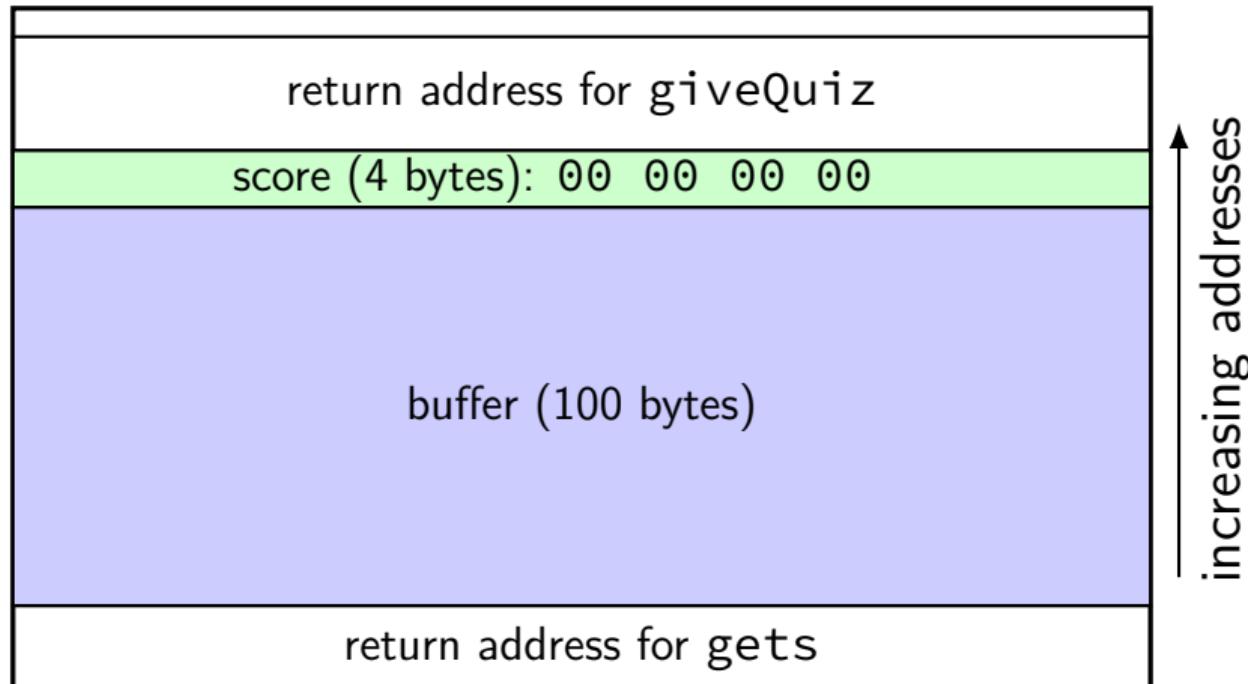
```
struct QuizQuestion questions[NUM_QUESTIONS];
int giveQuiz() {
    int score = 0;
    char buffer[100];
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_QUESTIONS; ++i) {
        gets(buffer);
        if (checkAnswer(buffer, &questions[i])) {
            score += 1;
        }
    }
    return score;
}
```

simpler overflow

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simpler overflow: stack

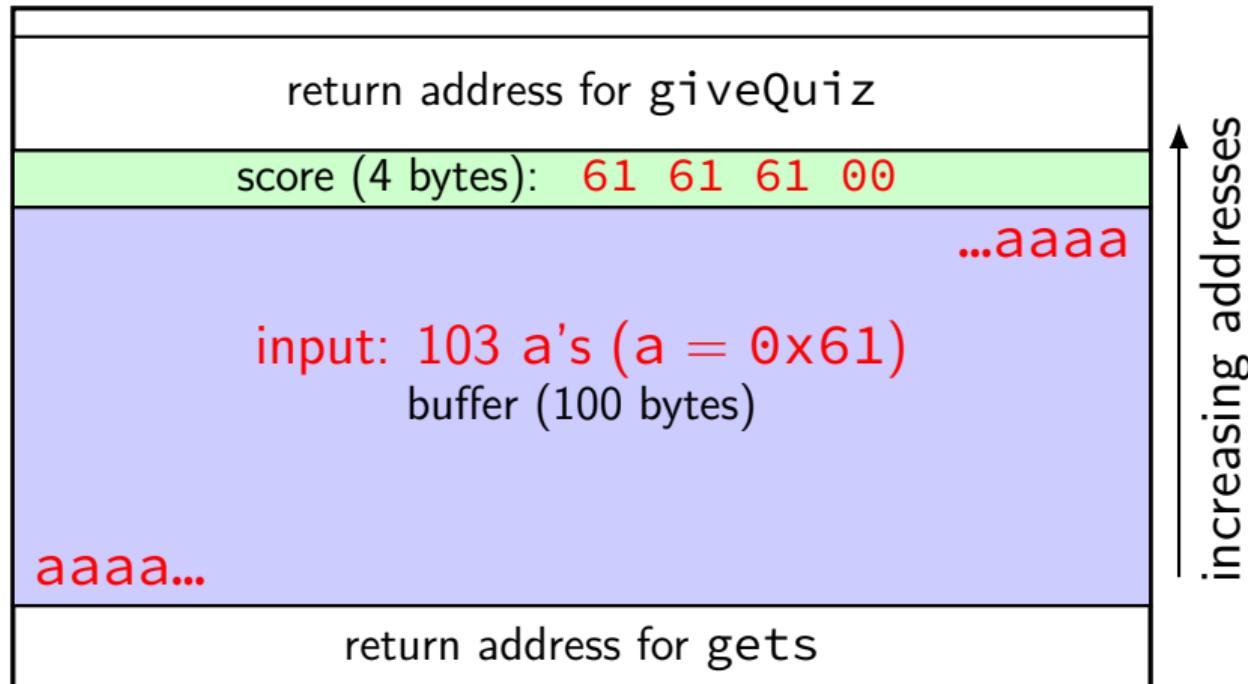
highest address (stack started here)



lowest address (stack grows here)

simpler overflow: stack

highest address (stack started here)



lowest address (stack grows here)

exercise: stack layout

GradeAssignment:

```
pushq    %rbp  
pushq    %rbx  
xorl    %ebx, %ebx  
subq    $72, %rsp  
leaq    8(%rsp), %rbp
```

for_loop:

```
movq    %rbp, %rdi  
call    gets  
movl    %ebx, %esi  
movq    %rbp, %rdi  
call    GradeAnswer  
leaq    24(%rsp), %rdi  
movl    %eax, (%rdi,%rbx,4)  
incq    %rbx  
cmpq    $10, %rbx  
jne     for_loop  
call    Process
```

```
int GradeAssignment(FILE *in) {  
    int scores[10]; char buffer[16];  
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {  
        gets(buffer);  
        scores[i] =  
            GradeAnswer(buffer, i);  
    }  
    Process(scores);  
}
```

exercise: how many bytes after
buffer[0] is the first byte
of scores[0]?

exercise: stack layout

GradeAssignment:

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pushq    %rbp  
pushq    %rbx  
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        scores[i] =  
            GradeAnswer(buffer, i);  
    }  
    Process(scores);  
}
```

exercise: how many bytes after
buffer[0] is the first byte
of scores[0]? answer: 16

exercise: overflow?

GradeAssignment:

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pushq    %rbp  
pushq    %rbx  
xorl    %ebx, %ebx  
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leaq    8(%rsp), %rbp
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exercise: if input into buffer is
50 copies of the character '1'
what is value of scores[0]?

exercise: overflow?

GradeAssignment:

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pushq    %rbp  
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        scores[i] =  
            GradeAnswer(buffer, i);  
    }  
    Process(scores);  
}
```

exercise: if input into buffer is
50 copies of the character '1'
what is value of scores[0]?
answer: 0x31313131

backup slides

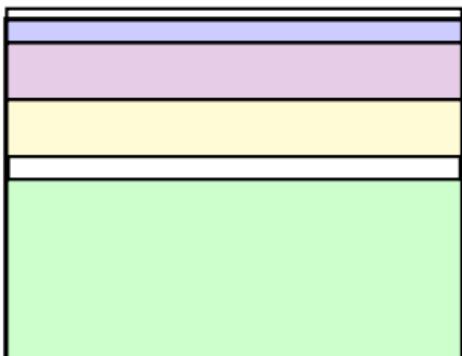
exercise: stack layout?

```
void vulnerable() {  
    unsigned char needed_hash[32] = {...};  
    unsigned char actual_hash[32];  
    char buffer[100];  
    gets(buffer);  
    ComputeSHA256(buffer, actual_hash);  
    if (memcmp(needed_hash,actual_hash,32)==0) {  
        Interesting();  
    }  
}
```

```
vulnerable:  
    endbr64  
    pushq %rbp  
    pushq %rbx  
    subq $184, %rsp  
    ...  
    movq %rsp, %rbp  
    movq %rbp, %rdi  
    call gets@PLT  
    leaq 112(%rsp), %rbx  
    movq %rbx, %rsi  
    movq %rbp, %rdi  
    call ComputeSHA256@PLT  
    leaq 144(%rsp), %rdi  
    movl $32, %edx  
    movq %rbx, %rsi  
    call memcmp@PLT  
    testl %eax, %eax  
    je .L4  
.L1:  
    addq $184, %rsp  
    popq %rbx  
    popq %rbp  
    ret
```

exercise: stack layout?

```
void vulnerable() {  
    unsigned char needed_hash[32] = {...};  
    unsigned char actual_hash[32];  
    char buffer[100];  
    gets(buffer);  
    ComputeSHA256(buffer, actual_hash);  
    if (memcmp(needed_hash,actual_hash,32)==0) {  
        Interesting();  
    }  
}
```



```
vulnerable:  
endbr64  
pushq %rbp  
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...  
movq %rsp, %rbp  
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call gets@PLT  
leaq 112(%rsp), %rbx  
movq %rbx, %rsi  
movq %rbp, %rdi  
call ComputeSHA256@PLT  
leaq 144(%rsp), %rdi  
movl $32, %edx  
movq %rbx, %rsi  
call memcmp@PLT  
testl %eax, %eax  
je .L4  
.L1:  
addq $184, %rsp  
popq %rbx  
popq %rbp  
ret
```