

Theorem 1 $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} . \sum_{i=0}^n i = \frac{(n)(n+1)}{2}$

PROBLEM 1 *Proof by Induction*

Prove the above theorem using induction.

Proof.

□

PROBLEM 2 *Proof by Contradiction*

Prove the above theorem using contradiction and the well-ordering principle.

Proof.

□

You might consider grading your own work on the following rubric:

Inductive Proof

- Identifies induction as proof structure
- Labels base case and inductive step
- Base case is smallest allowable n
- Base case is shown to hold via algebra
- Inductive case assumes theorem holds for n and considers $n + 1$
- Inductive case reduces $n + 1$ to n via algebra
- Proof ends by stating some form of “by induction, holds for all n ”

Proof by Contradiction

- Identifies proof by contradiction as proof structure
- Assumes the theorem is false
- Either assumes it is false for some n , or recognizes that $\neg\forall \equiv \exists\neg$
- Uses well-ordering principle (considers smallest such n)
 - Shows that n can't be the smallest such n because
 - Showing that true for n implies true for $n - 1$
 - Either showing that there is always an $n - 1$, or that the n s that do not have an $n - 1$ also meet the theorem
- State explicitly that assuming not-theorem led to contradiction (noting it did so in all cases if case analysis used)
- Proof ends with some form of “by contradiction, theorem true”

You might also try doing the same two proof types with other summation formulae, such as

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=0}^n i^2 &= \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)(n)}{6} \\ \sum_{i=1}^{n+1} i^2 &= \frac{(n+2)(2n+3)(n+1)}{6} \\ \sum_{i=2}^{n+2} i^2 &= \frac{(n+3)(2n+5)(n+2)}{6} \\ 6 \sum_{i=0}^n i^3 - i &= \binom{n+2}{4} \\ \sum_{x=0}^n \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1} &= \frac{(n+1)(n-1)}{2} \\ \sum_{x=0}^n x^3 - x^2 &= \frac{(n+1)(3n+2)(n)(n-1)}{12} \\ \sum_{i=0}^n 3i^2 + 2i &= \frac{(2n+3)(n+1)(n)}{2} \\ \sum_{i=n}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^i} &= \frac{2}{2^n} \end{aligned}$$

Note: at least one of the above formulae is false. In the process of proving it you should find the normal methods not working, revealing the non-truth.